

COLLEGE PRIVE MONGO BETI B.P 972 TÉL. : 242 68 62 97 / 242 08 34 69 YAOUNDE					
ANNÉE SCOLAIRE	EVALUATION	EPREUVE	classe	DUREE	COEFFICIENT
2025/2026	N°4	Anglais	2 ^{NDE} A /C	2H	3/4
Professeur : M. Arthur NGUE		Jour:	Quantité:		

Instructions: Answer all sections, No French, no pencil, no cancellation, no copy work, and no correcting fluid.

SECTION A: GRAMMAR (10 MARKS)

I Choose the correct answer from the brackets to fill the blanks (5 marks)

1. It is a long term investment _____ girls to school.
(sends, sending, send to)
2. Some parents say they _____ bothering them because they are aware of their children's rights (should stop, stop, going to stop)
3. You have registered for elections, _____ you? (don't, haven't, do)
4. The criminal _____ by the police. (was arrested, arrested, arrests).
5. The woman said that _____ was a victim of domestic violence. (her, I, she)

II) Complete the dialogue between Malika who was present at a fight scene and a quarter head with the most appropriate words of your choice (5marks)

Quarter Head: Young man, could you tell me what all this commotion is?

Malika: Yes sir, there has been a fight _____ the two men with torn shirts over there.

Quarter Head: Do you know _____ it started?

Malika: Yes, I _____ what happened. The motorbike hit the back of that car _____ it was parked on the pavement. The driver got out of his car and started a fight with the motorbike rider.

Quarter Head: It would have been better to talk thingover and agree o _____ solution.

Malika: I think so too.

SECTION B: VOCABULARY (10 MARKS)

I) Choose the correct answer from the box to complete the close text. (3 marks)

Civic, Citizenship, Right, Duty, Responsible

It is the _____ of every child to keep at their studies after their parents have given them their _____ to education. When these children are of the voting age, it is their _____ responsibility to participate in elections and respect.

I) Use prefixes to provide the antonym of the underlined word in each sentence. Write the answers in the spaces provided. 2marks

1. It is lawful to respect others' opinion but _____ to violate their rights.
2. John's parents fulfilled their responsibility towards him but his _____ led him to fail.

I Choose the correct answer from the brackets to complete each sentence (5 marks)

1. _____ justice is not good. People should stop taking the law into their hands. (Mob, group, crowd)
2. The little boy _____ helplessly as his parents transformed their home into a boxing ring. (watch, wash, look)
3. He saw his friends fighting so he was a _____ (weakness, witness, fighter)
4. Men and women have _____ right. (equality, equals, equal)
5. Early _____ means depriving the concern of their happiness. (marriage, married, couple)

SECTION C: READING COMPREHENSION(10 MARKS)

Read the text carefully and answer the questions below.

CHILDREN HAVE RIGHTS, DON'T THEY?

All human beings are born free and equal in dignity and rights'. These words from the Universal Declaration of Human Rights promise all people a life that is free from want and fear. We celebrate this every year on Human Rights Day. We celebrate the fact that we have certain basic rights. However there are still many children in the world who do not enjoy their rights. Think about the children who are forced to join armies at an early age, for example.

According to Amnesty International there are currently more than 300,000 children (people under the age of 18) fighting in wars in West and Central Africa, the Balkans, Latin America, Sri Lanka and Afghanistan. More than 15,000 children are fighting in Colombia alone. UNICEF reports that around 8,000 children have been kidnapped in Uganda since 1995 and forced to fight in civil wars in the area. The children are often recruited into rebel armies in areas where there is civil unrest. The children are usually from poor rural families.

Young children are recruited because they obey orders more easily than adults and they are not paid. They eat less food than adults and they are often not afraid to carry out dangerous missions because they do not understand the dangers involved. Rebel armies use children as spies and they use them to trap other people because most people trust children.

The life of a child soldier is exceedingly harsh. The children are given drugs and alcohol to which they become addicted. They are forced to commit terrible acts such as killing members of their own families. They are often injured from doing heavy work and they also contract sexually transmitted diseases if they are used as sex slaves.

Some of these children are eventually set free, but it is very difficult for them to adjust to a normal life after what they have experienced. Many of them have grown up fighting and they know no other life.

So while we celebrate our achievements in the area of human rights, spare a thought for the child who don't enjoy these rights.

QUESTIONS

1. What does the Universal Declaration of Human Rights promise all people? 1MARK

2. True or false? All children have the same rights but these rights are not always respected.

1MARK

3. Rebel armies like to recruit children because
- A. They are afraid
- B. They commit terrible acts.
- C. they obey orders
- D. they don't have rights.
4. Give two examples from the text which show that the life of a child soldier is very difficult.

5. Why is it difficult for child soldiers to lead a normal life if they are set free?

- 6) Are you for or against child soldier? why

SECTION D: COMPOSITION (10 MARKS)

Write a composition of between 200-250 words on one of the following topics.

1. Mr Jasqui and his wife who are your neighbours are constantly fighting and disturbing the neighbourhood. Write a complaint to the district police officer of your area. Your name is Nasredin Hodia.

NB: Follow the layout given to you in class.

2. Your obligation as a citizen of Cameroon is to respect our national emblems and monuments. In your work
- Say what you understand by national emblems with three examples.
 - Give three reasons why they (emblems and monuments) should be respected.
 - Explain two things that may happen to a person who doesn't respect their national symbols.

[illegible]