

PREVOYANCE COLLEGE		ANNEE SCOLAIRE 2025/2026
ENSEIGNANT		Classe :P /ACD
Continuous Assessment N°1		Duree: 1hr30min
<u>Département :</u>		ANGLAIS

Name..... Class..... N°

SECTION A : Grammar 10 marks

I-Complete the dialogue bellow with the appropriate expressions from yours. 5 mrks

Ojong : Hello! Good morning. _____ am called Ojong. _____ is your name, please ?

Pater : Hi! Greetings. _____ name is Pater.

Ojong : _____ a pleasure to meet you. _____ do you school, please ?

Pater : I school in Prevoyance college . And you ?

Ojong : I also school there. In which class _____ you, please ?

Pater : I'm in premiere. Are you also _____ art student ?

Ojong :No, I'm a science student of premiere D. I decided to do science _____ I can become a doctor in the future.

Pater : Ohhh ! That's a fanciful idea. I want to become a bilingual journalist. That's why we _____ study English seriously if we want to have more opportunities in the future.

Ojong : You are right. _____ a nice day. Good bye Pater !

Pater : Good bye Ojong ! See you next.

II-Use the best form of the verbs in the brackets to fill into the missing spaces. 5 mrks

Distinguished guests, ladies and gentlemen; good morning. If we _____ (to be) here today, its to talk about the different problems and activities that are regarding us here. In fact I

_____ (just to realize) that some students in this college hardly sweep their classroom, some make loud noise and do not do their homework, others don't even flush the toilets after using them. All these make our school environment to be unsaved for life.

We have to _____ (to keep-away) this abnormal behaviour now because if we continue with it, the discipline master _____ (to sanction) us everyday. A few weeks ago, three premiere students _____ (not to do) their assignments and they were all severely sanctioned.

Thanks for listening! Long live our school.

SECTION B : Vocabulary 10 marks

I-Complete the phrases with the correct opposites of the underlined expressions. Write your answers in the given spaces 2.5 MARKS

1)- Most students are disciplined because they lack good conduct. _____

2)-Everybody who comes after 7 :30 in our school is admitted into the classrooms. _____

3)-In our school campus, students always drink clean-water. _____

4)-Teachers in our schools always write on the blackboards while the students write in their note _____

5)-My ambition is to work hard in order not to fail my exams this year. _____

II-Complete the paragraph text with the suitable expressions from yours. (5 MRKS)

A _____ is a place where students go to learn how to read and write. All learning institutions are headed by a _____ who controls all the activities of the institution. There is also a _____ who ensures order and makes sure that the students' uniforms are well sewed and they are all neat. At the beginning of an academic year, students pays their school fees to the _____ in his office. _____ in our school are very professional, they all teach us very well and that makes us to always have a better performance in the exams.

III-Rewrite in the negative or interrogative form 2.5 Marks

1)-Let's obey our teachers and mates.

a)-_____ (interrogative form)

b)-_____ (negative form)

2)-Johnson respects all the school rules.

a)-_____ (negative form)

b)-_____ (interrogative)

3)-“Everyone has to do the homework” declared the English teacher.

a)-_____ (negative form)

Section C: Reading Comprehension (10Marks) Read the passage below and answer the questions that follow.

Corruption is endemic in Cameroon and significantly increases the costs and risks of doing business. Bribery, nepotism and corruption are rife in almost all sectors of the Cameroonian government and economy; but it is particularly prevalent in the judiciary, public services and customs. The legal and regulatory systems are non-transparent and difficult for foreign companies to navigate. In addition there exist a lack of effective regulations, insufficient law enforcement and significant delays in courts. Cameroon’s penal code criminalises corruption, bribery, extortion, and bribery of foreign public officials and corruption is punishable by a prison term of five years to life, a fine of up to USD 4.000 and/or asset seizure. Facilitation payments and gifts are also addressed in Cameroon’s legislation, yet insufficient implementation of anti-corruption legislation coupled with impunity among public officials has exacerbated the levels of corruption in the country.

Corruption is rampant in Cameroon’s judiciary, presenting companies with very high risks. Companies report a very high frequency of bribes in exchange for favourable judgements. Judicial officials accept bribes in exchange for dropping charges, a reduction in prison sentences or a release. Over half of Cameroonians perceive the judiciary to be corrupt. Bribery is widespread among the police and officers who often demand payments at checkpoints and in exchange for granting unlawful freedom to detainees. Further, corrupt police officials arrest and abuse individuals in exchange of monetary rewards. Bribery, abuse of office and embezzlement are widespread in the public administration. Bribes and irregular payments are common when applying for public utilities. There is a high risk of corruption in Cameroon’s tax administration. More than one in five companies expects to give gifts when meeting with tax officials. Customs is amongst the most corrupt public sectors in Cameroon. Companies often complain about burdensome tariffs, a lack of transparency and frequent demands of irregular payments when importing and exporting goods across Cameroon’s borders. A lot has to be done to end corruption in Cameroon.

1)-Name the sectors in which corruption is most prevalent.....(2mrks)

2)-According to the penal code, what is the punishment for those guilty of corruption?.....(2mrks)

3)-Is customs really the most corrupt sector in Cameroon? (1mrk)

4)-Circle the meaning of the following sentence «insufficient implementation of anti-corruption legislation coupled with impunity amongst public officials has exacerbated the level of corruption in Cameroon” (1mrk)

a)-The non respect of laws and the absence of punishment increases corruption

b)-Government punishes corrupt officials c)-The non respect of laws and the absence of punishment reduces corruption

5)-Suggest one ways to fight corruption in Cameroon.....
.....(2mrks)