241/19/2 13/6,219/2

### **COLLEGE PRIVE BILINGUE MONTESQUIEU**

MONTESQUIEU BILINGUAL PRIVATE HIGH SCHOOL

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**YAOUNDE** 

**TRAVAIL** 

### REPUBLIC OF CAMEROON

Peace - Work- Fatherland

**SCHOOL YEAR 2022/2023** 

## **ENGLISH DEPARTMENT**

speechl

CLASS: Tles A, C,D **TIME: 3H/ COEF 4,3** 

6TH EVALUATION (MOCK)

**SECTION A: GRAMMAR (10 Marks)** 

Exercise I: Fill in this	conversation	with the	appropriate	grammatical	word or	expression
chosen from brackets.	(0.5x10marks	)		•		

Ben: Good morning Andy, now are you today?
Andy: Good morning Ben, I am fine thank you and you?
Ben: I'm good thanks. I was watching the new on TV when you (1)ir
(come, came, had come). Did you (2) (knew, had known, know) that
most of problems encountered by the youth today are directly relate to drugs abuse?
Andy: You are right and our children definitely refuse to understand that. They would prefer
(3) (thinking, to think, thought) that it is "class" to drin
alcohol and smoke cigarettes and the rest.
Ben: If they (4) (were, had been, was) conscious of what ar
talking about, they would probably stop behaving such a had way.
Andy: I feel so sorry about that situation
Ben: (5) (Neither do I, so do I, so am I.) It is regrettable.
Andy: As a matter of fact, a young boy was arrested by the police two weeks (6)
(after, since, ago) because they found a gum and drugs in his backpack you remember that news (7
? (Will you, don't you, are you)
Ben: Yes of course. I do. Do you know what I think? I think parent are (8
(the most responsible, more responsible, many responsible) fo
that situation than who ever in the society.
Andy: This is the reason why I prefer to be a bad father according to my son (9)
(Which, whose, who) finds me too strict. I will never stop checking what he is doing who his friends
are.
Ben: I totally agree (10) (with, on, for) you. Children will never see a
good father as an angel you know?
Andy: This is real truth
Ben: Ok good bye!
Exercise II: Rewrite the following sentence according to the instruction. (5marks)
1) Bela was pregnant. She kept fighting for her right to education. (start using despite)
Despite Bela's
2) Why force a girl into early marriage? It's no use
3) The government has taken new measure to reinsert delinquent youths (passive voice) New measures
4) "Are the children going to visit grandparents this weekend? Asked Susan (Reported

http://sujetexa.com

Susar	n asked		
<b>5</b> ]	If I had a voter's card, I	would vote for my friend Ntambe. (Use the t	third conditional) Of
	ION B: VOCABULARY CISE I: Read the passage	below: fill in the gaps with words in the bo	ox. (5marks)
		oting, box, ballot, parties, mayor, process, les, campaigns eligible, parliament	
	An election	1	_
or a n	nember of a (2) First	a republic, the (1) Is the result of a long political of all, the government draws up a list of voter The names of all people who are (5)	l (3) rs. The list (4)
to vot		<u> </u>	
Then	the political (6)	Draw up list of cano	lidates.
board	advertisement.	7) to attract voters.  se (8) stations	
The re	eceive (9)	papers which they use to vote candidates.	e for their (10)
Exerc	ise 2: Follow instructions	s in brackets and fill the blanks (3marks)	AT
a)		for the 2035 projected emergence of the cou	
b)	The opposition parties for	ought hard to win the election. (give the antor	nym of the underlined
c)	Employment among wor	nen is a big concern in many countries (give t	
<u>Exercis</u>	e 3: Complete the sentence w	ith the correct form of the word in brackets. (2mar	ks)
a) b)	TheWomen's	(support) held poster as they mai is a global issue nowadays. (emp	rched do <b>wn the</b> street. lower)
		,	

### **SECTION C:** READING COMPREHENSION (10 marks)

Read the passage below carefully and answer the questions that follow it.

### Action now

The dust finally settled following the installation on January 29 of the 12 board members of the national independent electoral commission, Elections Cameroon, ELECAM. The atmosphere has moved.

from one of speculation, anxiety and polemics to one of expectation. The members of ELECAM swore to give Cameroonians free, fair and transparent elections and pledged to ignore pressure from who would rig elections. All of them declared that they would respect the letters and spirit of the law creating ELECAM and reassured their critics and sceptics that they had completely divorced from their past to give Cameroonians transparent and credible elections.

The assurance was necessary and timely because the management of elections in Cameroon has always been a bone of contention between the government and the opposition. Since 1992 the opposition has always complained of rigging of all elections organized in the country. An accusing finger has often been pointed at the Ministry of Territorial Administration and Decentralization. Having gone through the formalities of oath taking as required by law, all eyes are now on ELECAM members to get down to work. Law N°2006/011 of December 29, 2006, creating ELECAM states that its members are bound to declare their property and assets. It is expected that the 12 members will without delay, go ahead to respect this provision in order to prove that they are people of integrity who can be trusted. For, is it not often said that charity begins at home? Next, ELECAM has to take full control of the organization, management and supervision of the electoral process from MINATD and the National Elections Observatory and ensure that the electoral law is respected by all stakeholders. ELECAM has the mission to ensure the impartiality, regularity, objectivity, transparency and sincerity of the polls.

Another matter of urgency is the revision of the electoral register. The way and manner ELECAM will handle the issue of registration will be the first proof of seriousness of the structure. In the past, elections have been marred by irregularities emanating from the registration process. Many people have often complained that they could not vote because their names were note found in the electoral register. There are also those who have refused to go out and vote because they had no confidence in the organization of elections. ELECAM would be required to carry out serious sensitization campaign for people to register. They should put out the election calendar in advance for the voters to know where and when to vote. The commission must avoid the flaws of the past distributing voters' cards well ahead of any elections.

Perhaps the most challenging task of ELECAM is the putting in place of its structure throughout the country. Even though its headquarters is in Yaounde, ELECAM must immediately establish its structures throughout the country. Its financial autonomy should enable it to go about this exercise without much difficulty. It may be helpful for the Director General to draw from the experience of the defunct NEO. He may also draw experience from some of those who held responsibility in that structure by appointing them to positions in ELECAM. The structures of ELCECAM will be found at regional, divisional and council levels.

The declaration made by one of the ELECAM members, Dr Mrs Dorothy Njeuma gives reason for hope and confidence, "We will ensure that the process of registration of voters is credible, regular and verifiable". Even sceptics may be comforted by the Commonwealth official, Dr Stephen Omolio who declared that, the legal framework to set up ELECAM is a big achievement. So, Let's give them a chance as it is said the taste of pudding is in the eating.

(Adapted from Cameroon tribune, 03' February 2009).

# Questions 1. What is the task of ELECAM? (2marks) 2. Besides swearing to give Cameroonians free and fair elections, what did he members of ELECAM have to do convince both the national and international community of their integrity? (2marks) 3. What has been the main weakness of our registration process over the past decades? (2marks) 4. How could ELECAM manage to ensure that all the citizens who are of voting age have registered and will effectively vote on Election Day? (2marks)

# 5. Do you think sceptics should trust the members of ELECAM given their political past? Justify your answer. (2marks)

### **SECTION D: COMPOSITION (10 marks)**

Write a good composition of about 250-300 words on ONE of the topics below.

1- Your school is becoming more and more a place where immoral behavior is observed: drug consumption, indiscipline, unprotected precocious sex, etc.

On the occasion of the youth week celebration, you explain the consequences in a speech you'll address to your classmates, and advise them to adopt more healthy attitudes. The name of your school is Kolda.

- 2- Why is democracy important in a country? You should explain:
- What democracy is and how it works.
- What actions are taken by the government and citizens to promote democracy?
- Is democracy valued in your country?
- What problems relating to democracy do people face?
- 3- Write a letter to the Minister of Secondary Education to suggestion measures that can be adopted to make life better for students. Your name and address: John ATANGA; GBHS BAPI, Po box 408 Bapi.