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- voice t	the accord conditional)
7. If it rains, we will have the party inside. (transform into	the second conditionary
8. The motorbike rider wore a helmet to protect his head in	n an accident. (change the sentence to a question)
ensky [†] 1970 – Propinsky se state open og skylinger og	
9. John abandoned smoking thanks to therapy sessions.	(replace the underlined word with the appropriate
phrasal verb) (gave in, gave up, gave off)	
10. my cousin lives in london but she cant speak english. (punctuate the sentence)
SECTION B: VOCABULARYAND SPEECH V	
I. Complete this First aid tip with correct words from t	the brackets. (5 marks)
Wear (globes, gloves, gangs) on y	your hands when you clean a wound. Keep all
(medics, medecines, medicines) o	out of the reach of children. Pour cool, clean
(water, blood, alcohol) over burns. If the	ne patient has a (nosebleed,
nozebleed, nosebag), let him or her sit up and pin	nch his or her nose a few times. Apply gentle
(pressure, pression, pleasure) on a bleedir	
II. Complete the sentences with your own words. (5 ma	
1. My drugcaused a lot of misery	to my family but I was lucky to get out of it through
therapy.	
2. The car accident in the morning caused heavy	
3. Open lighters should not be used nears	
4. Most public buildings provide	to help reduce panic and confusion during an
emergency, such as fire.	
5. Medicines that are taken to reduce or relieve	headaches or other aches and pains are called

SECTION C: READING COMPREHENSION

(10 Marks)

Read the passage below carefully and answer the questions that follow it.

Dirty Britain

Before the grass has thickened on the roadside verges and leaves have started growing on the trees is a perfect time to look around and see just how dirty Britain has become. The pavements are stained with chewing gum that has been spat out and the gutters are full of discarded fast food cartons. Years ago I remember travelling abroad and being saddened by the plastic bags, discarded bottles and soiled nappies at the edge of every road. Nowadays, Britain seems to look at least as bad. What has gone wrong?

The problem is that the rubbish created by our increasingly mobile lives lasts a lot longer than before. If it is not cleared up and properly thrown away, it stays in the undergrowth for years; a semi-permanent reminder of what a tatty little country we have now.

Firstly, it is estimated that 10 billion plastic bags have been given to shoppers. These will take anything from 100 to 1,000 years to rot. However, it is not as if there is no solution to this. A few years ago, the Irish government introduced a tax on non-recyclable carrier bags and in three months reduced their use by 90%. When he was a minister, Michael Meacher attempted to introduce a similar arrangement in Britain. The plastics industry protested, of course. However, they need not have bothered; the idea was killed before it could draw breath, leaving supermarkets free to give away plastic bags.

What is clearly necessary right now is some sort of combined initiative, both individual and collective, before it is too late. The alternative is to continue sliding downhill until we have a country that looks like a vast municipal rubbish tip. We may well be at the tipping point. Yet we know that people respond to their environment. If things around them are clean and tidy, people behave cleanly and tidily. If they are surrounded by squalor, they behave squalidly. Now, much of Britain looks pretty squalid. What will it look like in five years?

Tick ($\sqrt{ }$) the most suitable answer in each case.

- 1. The writer says that it is a good time to see Britain before the trees have leaves because
- A) Britain looks perfect.
- B) you can see Britain at its dirtiest.
- C) you can see how dirty Britain is now.
- D) the grass has thickened on the verges.
- 2. According to the writer, things used to be
- A) worse abroad.
- B) the same abroad.
- C) better abroad.
- D) worse, but now things are better abroad.
- 3. For the writer, the problem is that
- A) rubbish is not cleared up.
- B) rubbish last longer than it used to.
- C) our society is increasingly mobile.
- D) Britain is a tatty country.
- 4. Michael Meacher
- A) followed the Irish example with a tax on plastic bags.
- B) tried to follow the Irish example with a tax on plastic bags.
- C) made no attempt to follow the Irish example with a tax on plastic bags.
- D) had problems with the plastics industry who weren't bothered about the tax

- B) we are at the tipping point.
- C) there is no alternative.
- D) we need to work together to solve the problem.

SECTION D : GUIDED WRITING (10 Marks)

Choose one of the topics and write a good composition.
1- There are lots of road accidents in your city. You are a member of your community newspaper and you want to raise public awareness on the causes of such accidents and ways of prevention. Write an article on that, also suggesting how to react in case of an emergency.
 2- Narrate how you spent your Christmas holidays. Talk about what you did, who you met and how you felt. 3- As a member of the Environment Club of your school, you want to make students aware of the importance of food hygiene. Write a brochure on food safety tips to be distributed to your schoolmates.
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